RLD012A009C

Model SRK63.71.80.95ZRA-W DXK21,24,28,33ZRA-W SRK24YRA-W R32 REFRIGERANT USED

8. APPLICATION DATA

(1) Installation of indoor unit

• This installation manual deals with an indoor unit installation only. For an outdoor unit installation, refer to page 35 or 39.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Before installation, read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully and strictly follow it during the installa- Be sure to confirm no operation problem on the equipment after completing the installation. If unusual
- tion work in order to protect yourself.
 The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, A WARNING and A CAUTION: The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, A WARNING and A CAUTION: The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, A WARNING and A CAUTION: Be sure to confirm no operation problem on the equipment after completing the installation. If unusual noise can be heard during the test run, consult the dealer.
 Be sure to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user according to the user's manual.
 Be sure to keep the installation manual together with user's manual at a place where it is easily accessible to the user any time. Moreover, ask the user to hand the manuals to a new user, whenever required.
 Both mention the important items to protect your health and safety. Therefore, strictly follow them by any means.

- Be sure to use only for residential purpose.
- If this unit is installed in inferior environment etc., it can malfunction. as machine shop, vehicle (like ship), warehouse
- Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer completely in accor-
- dance with the installation manual. Installation by non qualified person or incorrect installation can cause serious troubles such as water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injuy. Be sure to wear protective goggles and gloves while performing installation work.
- Improper safety measures can result in personal injury. Use the original accessories and the specified components for the installation. Using parts other than those prescribed may cause water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury. Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of flammable gases can occur.
- If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire resulting in property damage and per-
- If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire resulting in property damage and per-sonal injury. When installing the unit in small rooms, make sure that refrigerant density does not exceed the limit (Reference: ISO5149) in the event of leakage. If refrigerant density exceeds the limit, consult the dealer and install the ventilation system. Otherwise lack of oxygen can occur resulting in serious accident. Install the unit in a location where unit will remain stable, horizontal and free of any vibration transmission. Unsuitable installation location cause the unit to fall resulting in material damage and personal injury. Do not run the unit with removed namels or perfections.

- Unsuitable installation location can cause the unit to fall resulting in material damage and personal injury. **Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections.** Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shock. **This unit is designed specifically for R32.** Using any other refrigerant can cause unit failure and personal injury. **Do not vent R32 into atmosphere.** R32 is a fluorinated greenhouse gas with a Global Warming Potential(GWP)=675. **Make sure that no air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed** and removed.

- Make sure that no air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed. If air enters the refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit will become too high, which can cause burst and personal injury. Be sure to use the prescribed pipes, flare nuts and tools for R32 or R410A. Using existing parts (for R22 or R407C) can cause refrigerant circuit burst resulting in unit failure and personal injury. Be sure to connect both liquid and gas connecting pipes properly before op-erating the compressor.

- be sure to connect both induit and gas connecting pipes properly before op-erating the compressor. Do not open the liquid and gas operation valves before completing piping work, and evacuation. If the compressor is operated when connecting pipes are not connected and operation valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure result.
- Be sure to tighten the flare nuts to specified torque using the torque wrench. Tightening flare nuts with excess torque can cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period.

- Take care when carrying the unit by hand.
 If the unit weight is more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons.
 Do not carry the unit by the plastic straps. Always use the carry handle.
 Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit. Insects and small animals can enter the electrical parts and cause damage resulting in fire or per-
- If the outdoor unit is installed at height, make sure that there is enough space
- for installation, maintenance and service. Insufficient space can result in personal injury due to falling from the height. Do not install the unit near the location where neighbours are bothered by
- The argument of the line from the unit. It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim. Do not install in the locations where unit is directly exposed to corrosive
- gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty atmosphere It can cause corrosion of heat exchanger and damage to plastic parts. Do not install the unit close to the equipments that generate electromagnetic .
- waves and/or high-harmonic waves. Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecom-
- The system can also affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.

- ing in burst or personal injury.

- pacities are installed. Circuit breaker should be able to disconnect all poles under over current. Absence of appropriate
- breakers can cause electric shock, personal injury or property damage. Be sure to switch off the power source in the event of installation, mainte-
- Be sure to tighten the cables securely in terminal block and relieve the ca-bles properly to prevent overloading the terminal blocks.
- Loses connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire. Do not process, splice or modify the power cable, or share the socket with other power plugs. Improper power cable or power plug can cause fire or electric shock due to poor connection, insuf-
- ficient insulation or over-current
- Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourself. Changing protective device specifications can cause electric shock, fire or burst. Be sure to clamp the cables properly so that they do not touch any internal
- component of the unit. If cables touch any internal component, it can cause overheating and fire. Be sure to install service cover properly. Improper installation can cause electric shock or fire due to intrusion of dust or water.
- Be sure to use the prescribed power and connecting cables for electrical work. Using improper cables can cause electric leak or fire. This appliance must be connected to main power source by means of a cir-cuit breaker or switch with a contact separation of at least 3mm.
- mproper electrical work can cause unit failure or personal iniur
- When plugging this unit, a plug conforming to the standard IEC60884-1 must be used
- Using improper plug can cause electric shock or fire. Be sure to connect the power source cable with power source properly. Improper connection can cause intrusion of dust or water resulting in electric shock or fire.

▲ CAUTION

- · Do not install the unit in the locations where:
 - There are heat sources nearby. Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight.
- Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight.
 There is any obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit.
 Unit is directly exposed to oil mist and steam such as kitchen.
 Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (suffrous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will generate or accumulate.
 Drain water can not be discharged properly.
 TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1m.
 Height above sea level is more than 1000m.
 It can cause performance degradation, corrosion and damage of components, unit malfunction and fire.

- Dispose of all packing materials properly. Packing materials contain nails and wood which can cause personal injury.
- Keep the polybag away from children to avoid the risk of suffocation.
- Do not put anything on the outdoor unit. Object may fall causing property damage or personal injury

- Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit. Aluminium fin temperature is high during heating operation. Touching fin can cause burn. Do not touch any refrigerant pipe with your hands when the system is in operation. During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending on the op-erating condition. Touching pipes can cause personal injury like burn (hot/cold). Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power source wiring in accor-dance with the local optice and regulations. dance with the local codes and regulations. The isolator should be locked in OFF state in accordance with EN60204-1

1 ACCESSORIES AND TOOLS

	Standard accessories (supplied with indoor unit)					Locally procured parts	1	Tools for installation Work		
	1		<u> </u>	÷	,	(a) Sleeve (1pc)		Plus headed driver	Pipe cutter
(1)	Installation board		1pc	(6)	Batteries [R03 (AAA, Micro) 1.5V]	(b) Sealing plate (1pc)		Knife	Hole core drill (65mm in diameter)
						(C) Inclination plate (1pc)		Saw	Wrench key (Hexagon) [4m/m]
(2)	Remote control		1pc	(7)	Air-cleaning filters 2pcs	(d) Putty		Tape measure	Flaring tool set*
		وم				(e) Connecting cable			Gas leak detector*
(3)	Remote control holder	(Grf)	1pc	(8)	Filter holders 2pcs	(f) Drain hose (extension hose)		(14.0~82.0N·m (1.4~8.2kgf·m))	Pipe bender
		ΨΨ				6	Piping cover		Plier	Flare adjustment gauge
(4)	Tapping screws (for installation board ø4 X 25mm)	© n	10pcs	(9)	Insulation (#486 50 X 100 t3) 1pc		Clamp and screw (for finishing)		* Desigr	ned specifically for R32 or R410A
(5)	Wood screws (for remote control holder ø3.5 X 16mm)	States -	2pcs) work)			

During pump down work, be sure to stop the compressor before closing op-eration valves and removing connecting pipes. If the connecting pipes are removed when the compressor is in operation and operation valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure result-

- Ing in burst or personal injury. In the event of refrigerant leakage during installation, be sure to ventilate the working area properly. If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gases will be produced. Electrical work must be carried out by the qualified electrician, strictly in ac-cordance with national or regional electricity regulations. Incorrect installation can cause electric shock, fire or personal injury. Make sure that earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate ca-nacities are installed

- nance or service. If the power source is not switched off, there is a risk of electric shock, unit failure or personal injury.

2. SELECTING INSTALLATION LOCATION

After getting customer's approval, select installation location according to following guidelines.

1. Indoor unit

- ere is no obstruction to the airflow and where the cooled and heated air can be evenly
- Where there is no obstruction to the airflow and where the cooled and heated air can be evenly distributed.
 A solid place where the unit or the wall will not vibrate.
 A place where there will be enough space for servicing. (Where space mentioned on the right side one be accessed).

- A place where there will be enough space for servicing. (Where space mentioned on the right side can be secured.)
 Where it is easy to conduct wiring and piping work.
 A place where it is not directly exposed to sunlight or street light.
 A place where it can be easily drained.
 A place separated at least 1m away from the television or the radio. (To prevent interference to images and sounds.)
 A place where this unit is not affected by the high frequency equipment or electric equipment.
 A place where there is no electric equipment or household.
 Install the indoor unit on the wall where the height from the floor to the bottom of the unit is more than 180 cm.

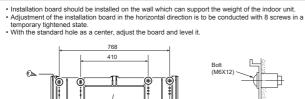
- 180 cm.

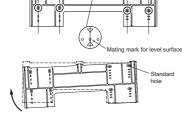
2. Remote control

- A place where the air-conditioner can receive the signal surely during operating the remote control.
 A place where it is not affected by the TV, radio etc.
 Do not place where it is exposed to direct sunlight or near heat devices such as a stove.

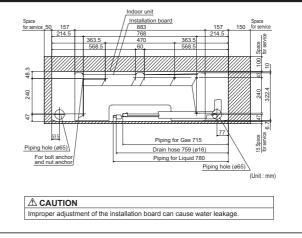
10 cm minimum from the ceiling Installation example om the wa Installation board 15 cm minimun Et it it it it it 90) 13 cm 0 floor (a) SI Be sure that the flap of outlet should not the rom RΕ b Remote control minimum Obstacle Remote control holder as curtair Ĥ Wood screws ģ 080





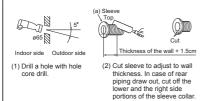






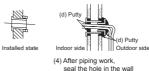
4. DRILLING HOLE AND FIXTURE OF SLEEVE

When drilling the wall that contains a metal lath, wire lath or metal plate, be sure to use sealing plate, sleeve and inclination plate (Locally procured parts).





and inclination plate.



with putty.

Completely seal the hole in the wall with putty. If not sealed properly, dust, insects, small animals, and highly humid air may enter the room from out-side, which could result in fire or other hazards.

≜ CAUTION

Completely seal the hole in the wall with putty. If not sealed properly, furniture and other fixtures may be damaged by water leakage or condensation.

5. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK

· Before installation, make sure that the power source complies with the air-conditioner's power specification.

Carry out electrical wiring work according to following guidelines.

1. Preparing cable

(1) Selecting cable

- Select the connecting cable in accordance with the specifications mentioned below. 4-core* 1.5mm² conformed with 60245 IEC57 * 1 Earth wire is included (Yellow/Green).
- (2) Arrange each wire length as shown below. Make sure that each wire is stripped 10mm from the end.

<Connecting cable> <Wire end>





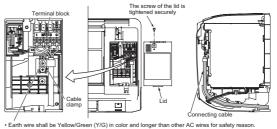
(3) Attach round crimp-type terminal to each wire as shown in the below. Select the size of round crimp-type terminal after considering the specifications of terminal block and wire diameter.



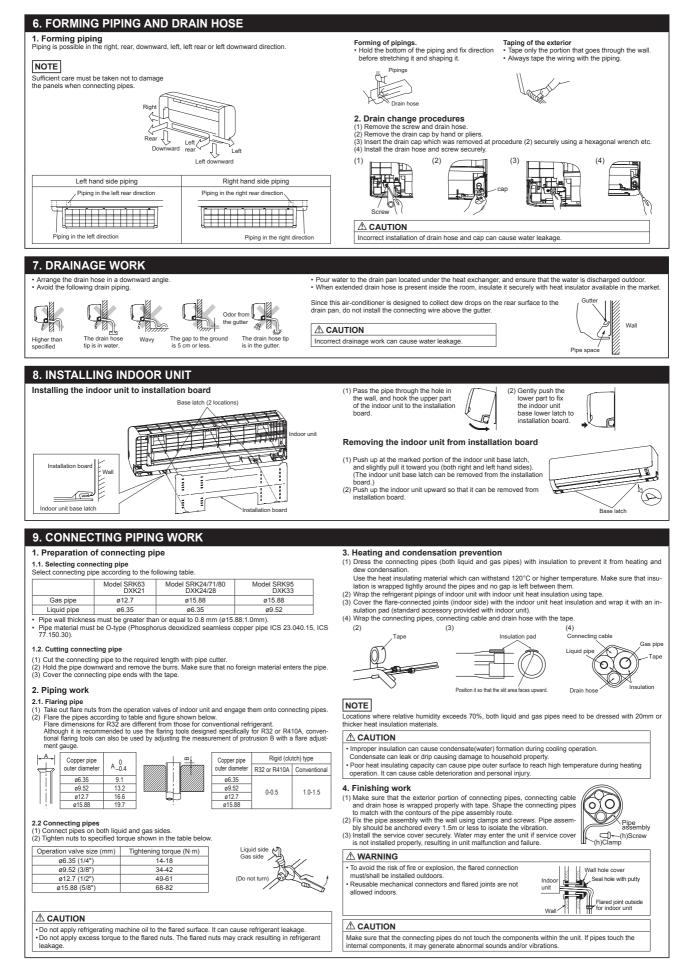
- 2. Connecting cable Open the air inlet panel.
 Remove the lid.
 Remove the cable clamp.
- (4) Connect the connecting wires to the terminal block.(5) Fix the connecting cable by cable clamp.
- (6) Fix the lid.(7) Close the air inlet panel.

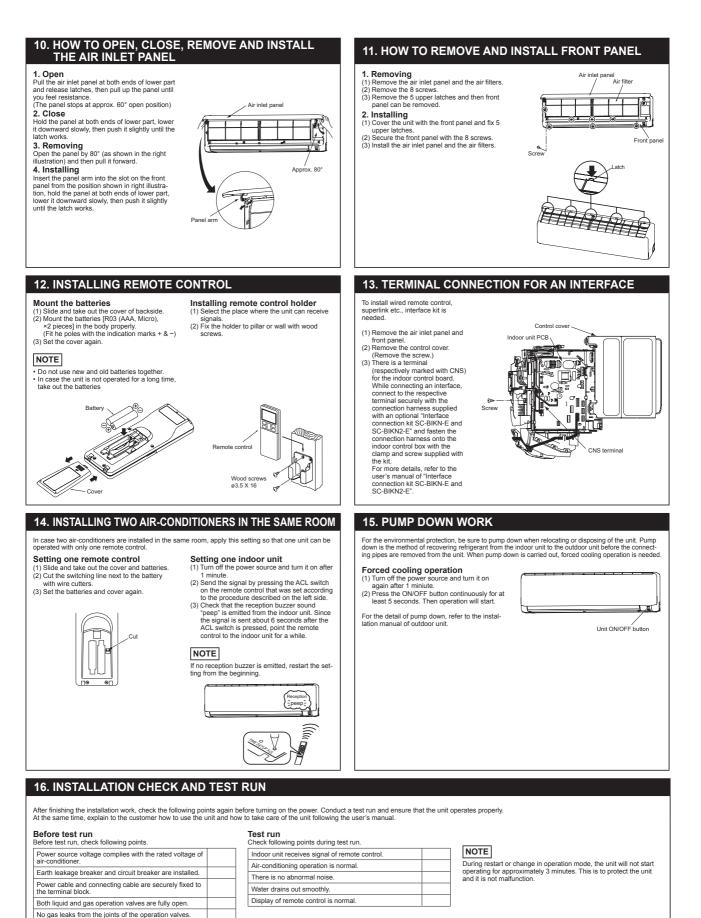
NOTE

Take care not to confuse the terminal numbers for indoor and outdoor connections.



▲ CAUTION Incorrect wiring connection can cause malfunction or fire





Explain the operating and maintenance methods to the user according to the user's manual.

Keep this installation manual together with user's

After test run

Indoor and outdoor side pipe joints have been insulated

Hole on the wall is completely sealed with putty. Drain hose and cap are installed properly.

Screw of the lid is tightened securely

(2) Installation of outdoor unit

(a) Models SRC63.71.80ZRA-W

RCT012A211 Model SRC63,71,80ZRA-W SRC24YRA-W DXC21,24,28ZRA-W R32 REFRIGERANT USED

• This installation manual deals with an outdoor unit installation only. For an indoor unit installation, refer to page 31.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Before installation, read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully and strictly follow it during the installation. If unusual noise can be heard during the test run, consult the dealer.
 The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, (WARNING) and (ACAUTION).
 Hore are to explain the operating methods as well as the maintenance methods of this equipment to the user's manual.
 Be sure to keep the installation manual together with user's manual at a place where it is easily accessible.
- Be sure to keep the installation manual together with user's manual at a place where it is easily access sequences such as death or severe injury.
 CAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in personal injury or property damage.
 Both mention the important items to protect your health and safety. Therefore, strictly follow them by any means.
 Be sure to keep the installation manual together with user's manual at a place where it is easily access be to the user any time. Moreover, ask the user to hand the manuals to a new user, whenever required.
 Both mention the important items to protect your health and safety. Therefore, strictly follow them by any means.

- **MARNING** During pump down work, be sure to stop the compressor before closing op-eration valves and removing connecting pipes. If the connecting pipes are removed when the compressor is in operation and operation valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure result-Be sure to use only for residential purpose. If this unit is installed in inferior environment such as machine shop, vehicle (like ship), warehouse, etc., it can malfunction. Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer completely in accor-dance with the installation manual. Installation by non qualified person or incorrect installation can cause serious troubles such as water ing in burst of personal injury. In the event of refrigerant leakage during installation, be sure to ventilate the working area properly. If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gases will be produced. 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Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shock. other power plugs. Improper power cable or power plug can cause fire or electric shock due to poor connection, insuf-ficient insulation or over-current. Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourself. Entrapment, burn or electric shock. This unit is designed specifically for R32. Using any other refrigerant can cause unit failure and personal injury. Do not vent R32 into atmosphere. R32 is a fluorinated greenhouse gas with a Global Warming Potential(GWP)=675. Make sure that no air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed Changing protective device specifications can cause electric shock, fire or burst. Be sure to clamp the cables properly so that they do not touch any internal component of the unit. and removed. 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Tightening flare nuts with excess torgue can cause burst and refrigerant leakage after a long period **∧** CAUTION Take care when carrying the unit by hand. If the unit weight is more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons. Do not carry the unit by the plastic straps. Always use the carry handle. Do not install the unit in the locations where There are heat sources nearby.
 Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight. Unit is directly exposed to rain or sunlight.
 There is any obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit.
 Unit is directly exposed to oil mist and steam such as kitchen.
 Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (suffurous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will generate or accumulate.
 To aim water can not be discharged properly.
 TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1m.
 Height above sea level is more than 1000m.
 It can cause performance degradation, corrosion and damage of components, unit malfunction and fire.
 Dispose of all nacking materials properly. Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit. Insects and small animals can enter the electrical parts and cause damage resulting in fire or personal injury. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean. If the outdoor unit is installed at height, make sure that there is enough space for installation, maintenance and service. Insufficient space can result in personal injury due to falling from the height. Do not install the unit near the location where neighbours are bothered by Dispose of all packing materials properly. Packing materials contain nails and wood which can cause personal injury. Keep the polybag away from children to avoid the risk of suffocation. The analysis of the second sec Do not put anything on the outdoor unit. Object may fall causing property damage or personal injury. Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit. Aluminium fin temperature is high during heating operation. Touching fin can cause burn Do not install the unit close to the equipments that generate electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves. Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecom-Authinitian interperature is high during heating operation. Totaching in call cause outri. Do not touch any refrigerant pipe with your hands when the system is in operation. During operation the refrigerant pipes become extremely hot or extremely cold depending on the op-erating condition. Touching pipes can cause personal injury like burn (hot/cold). Install isolator or disconnect switch on the power source wiring in accor-dance with the local codes and regulations. The isolator should be locked in OFF state in accordance with EN60204-1. munication equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming.

1. ACCESSORIES AND TOOLS

Standard accessories (Supplied with outdoor unit)						Locally procured parts	Tools for installation work		
	Drain	SRC63,	4	(a)	Anchor bolt(M10-M12)×4 pcs	Plus headed driver	Spanner wrench	Vacuum pump*	
(1)	grommet	DXC21	-	(b)	Putty	Knife	Torque wrench [14.0~82.0N/m(1.4~8.2kgf•m)]	Gauge manifold *	
(.)	\bigcirc	SRC71/80,	2	(C)	Electrical tape	Saw	Wrench key (Hexagon) [4m/m]	Charge hose *	
		DXC24/28		(d)	Connecting pipe	Tana magaura	Flaring tool set *	Vacuum pump adapter*	
(2)	Drain elbow		1	(e)	Connecting cable	Tape measure	Flaining tool set	(Anti-reverse flow type)	
				(f)	Power cable	Pipe cutter	Flare adjustment gauge	Gas leak detector *	
				(g)	Clamp and screw (for finishing work)			*Designed specifically for R32 or R410A	

2. OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION

- Note as a unit designed for R32 Do not use any refrigerant other than R32. R32 w vill rise to pressure about 1.6 times higher than that of a conventional refrigerant. A cylinder containing R32 has a light blue indication mark on the top. A unit designed for R32 has adopted a different size indoor unit operation valve charge port and a differ-
- A unit designed to the table do the unit to prevent the charging of a wrong refrigerant by mistake. The processed dimension of the flared part of a refrigerant pipe and a flare nut's parallel side measurement have also been altered to raise strength against pressure. Accordingly, you are required to arrange dedicated R32 tools listed in the table on the left before installing or servicing this unit. Do not use a charge cylinder. The use of a charge cylinder will cause the refrigerant composition to

- change, which results in performance degradation. In charging refrigerant, always take it out from a cylinder in the liquid phase. All indoor units must be models designed exclusively for R32. Check connectable indoor unit models in a catalog, etc. (A wrong indoor unit, if connected into the system, will impair proper system operation)

1. Haulage

Always carry or move the unit with two or more persons Aways carry or move the unit who of more persons.
 The right hand side of the unit as viewed from the front (outlet side) is heavier.
 A person carrying the right hand side must take care of this fact.
 A person carrying the left hand side must hold the handle pro-vided on the front panel of the unit with his right hand and the



∧ CAUTION

When a unit is hauled, take care of its gravity center position which is shifted towards right hand side If the unit is not hauled properly, it can go off balance and fall resulting in serious injury.

2. Selecting the installation location

corner column section of the unit with his left hand.

- elect the suitable installation location where: Unit will be stable, horizontal and free of any vibration transmission. There is no obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit.
- There is enough space for service and maintenance of unit.
- Neighbours are not bothered by noise or air generating from the unit. Outlet air of the unit does not blow directly to animals or plants.
- Drain water can be discharged properly.
- There is no risk of flammable gas leakage. There are no other heat sources nearby.
- Unit is not directly exposed to rain or sunlight. Unit is not directly exposed to oil mist and steam
- · Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (sulfurous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will not generate or accumulate. • Unit is not directly exposed to corrosive gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty at-
- mosphere
- No TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1m
- · Unit is not affected by electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves generated by other equip-Strong wind does not blow against the unit outlet.
 Heavy snowfalls do not occur (if installed, provide proper protection to avoid snow accumulation).

NOTE

If the unit is installed in the area where there is a possibility of strong wind or snow accumulation, the fol-lowing measures are required.

(1) Location of strong wind

· Place the unit with its outlet side facing the wall.

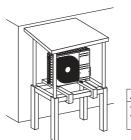
 Place the unit such that the direction of air from the outlet gets perpendicular to the wind direction



direction

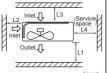
(2) Location of snow accumulation

- · Install the unit on the base so that the bottom is higher than
- snow cov Install the unit under eaves or provide the roof on site



3. Installation space

There must be 1 meter or larger space between the unit and the wall in at least 1 of the 4 sides. Walls surrounding the unit from 4 sides is not acceptable. The wall height on the outlet side should be 1200 mm or less. Refer to the following figure and table for details.



							(11111)
	Model	SRC63,	DXC21			SRC24/ DXC24/	
Example installation Size	Ι	II	Ш	IV	Ι	П	III
L1	Open	280	280	180	Open	Open	500
L2	100	75	Open	Open	300	250	Open
L3	100	80	80	80	100	150	100
L4	250	Open	250	Open	250	250	250

When more than one unit are installed side by side, provide a 250mm or wider interval between them as a service space

▲ CAUTION

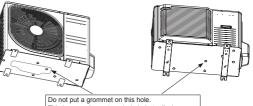
NOTE

When more than one unit are installed in parallel directions, provide sufficient inlet space so that short-circuiting may not occur.

4. Drain piping work (If necessary)

Carry out drain piping work by using a drain elbow and a drain grommet supplied separately as accessories if condensed water needs to be drained out.

 (1) Install drain elbow and drain grommet.
 (2) Seal around the drain elbow and drain grommet with putty or adequate caulking material. <SRC63.DXC21> <SRC71/80.DXC24/28>

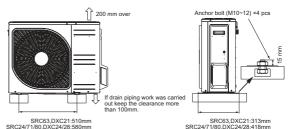


This is a supplementary drain hole to discharge drain water, when a large amount of it is gathered

Do not use drain elbow and drain grommet if there is a possibility to have several consecutive days of sub zero temperature. (There is a risk of drain water freezing inside and blocking the drain.)

5. Installation

Install the unit on a flat level base. While installing the unit, keep space and fix the unit's legs with 4 anchor bolts as shown in the figure below. The protrusion of an anchor bolt from the foundation surface must be kept within 15mm



▲ CAUTION

Install the unit properly so that it does not fall over during earthquake, strong wind, etc Make sure that unit is installed on a flat level base. Installing unit on uneven base may result in unit malfunction

3. PREPARATION FOR WORK



4. CONNECTING PIPING WORK

1. Restrictions on unit installation



Outdoor unit installation position can be higher as well as lower than the indoor unit installation position

2. Preparation of connecting pipe

2.1. Selecting connecting pipe Select connecting pipe according to the following table.					
	Model SRC63, DXC21	Model SRC24/71/80, DXC24/28			
Gas pipe	ø12.7	ø15.88			
Liquid pipe	ø6.35	ø6.35			

Pipe wall thickness must be greater than or equal to 0.8 mm (ø15.88:1.0mm).
Pipe material must be O-type (Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe ICS 23.040.15, ICS 77.150.30).

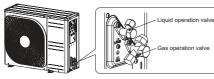
NOTE

If it is required to reuse the existing connecting pipe system, refer to 5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPE. 2.2. Cutting connecting pipe

- (1) Cut the connecting pipe to the required length with pipe cutter.
- (2) Hold the pipe downward and remove the burrs. Make sure that no foreign material enters the pipe (3) Cover the connecting pipe ends with the tape

3. Piping work

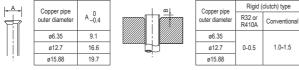
Check that both liquid and gas operation valves are fully closed Carry out the piping work with operation valves fully closed.



3.1. Flaring pipe

Fraining pipe
 Take not flare nuts from the operation valves of outdoor unit and engage them onto connecting pipes.
 Flare the pipes according to table and figure shown below.
 Flare dimensions for R32 are different from those for conventional refrigerant.

Although it is recommended to use the flaring tools designed specifically for R32 or R410A, conventional flaring tools can also be used by adjusting the measurement of protrusion B with a flare adjustment gauge.



3.2. Connecting pipes

 Connect pipes on both liquid and gas sides. Tighten nuts to specified torque shown in the table below. 						
-	Operation valve size (mm)	Tightening torque (N·m)				
	ø6.35 (1/4")	14-18				
	ø12.7 (1/2")	49-61				
	ø15.88 (5/8")	68-82				

Do not hold the valve cap area with a spanne

Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flared surface. It can cause refrigerant leakage.
 Do not apply excess torque to the flared nuts. The flared nuts may crack resulting in refrigerant leakage

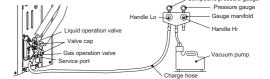
5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPE

Are the outdoor and indoor units connected to the exist	sting pipe system ?	<u>NO</u>
YES		
Is it possible to run the unit ?		<u></u>
YES		-
Does the existing unit use any of the following refriger Suniso, MS,Barell Freeze, HAB, Freol, ether oil, ester		NO
YES		
Do the existing pipe specifications (pipe length, pipe size and elevation of the unit.? (Go to 4. Connecting piping work and check 1. Restrict) <u>NO</u>
YES		-
Is the existing pipe system free of corrosion, flaws and dent	Repair the damaged parts.	Repair is impossible.
YES	Repair	A11 P-101 11
Is the existing pipe system free of gas leaks? (Check whether refrigerant charge was required frequently for the system before.)	NO Check the pipe system for air tightness.	Air tightness is
YES	Air tightness is O	к.
Are heat insulation materials of the existing pipe syste free of peel-off or deterioration? (Heat insulation is necessary for both gas and liquid pipes	Repair the damaged parts.	Repair is impossible.
YES 4	Repair	
Is the existing piping system free of any loose pipe support	? NO Repair the loose pipe support.	1
YES	Repair	-
The existing pipe system is reusable.	The existing pipe system is not reusable. Install the new pipe system.	┣

4. Evacuation

- um pump to gauge manifold. Connect charge hose of gauge manifold to service port (1) Connect vac
- Connect vacuum pump to gauge manifold. Connect charge hose of gauge manifold to service port
 of outdoor unit.
 Run the vacuum pump for at least one hour after the vacuum gauge shows -0.1MPa (-76cm Hg).
 Confirm that the vacuum gauge indicator does not rise even if the system is left for 15 minutes or more.
 Vacuum gauge indicator will rise if the system has moisture left inside or has a leakage point.
 Check the system for the leakage point. If leakage point is found, repair it and return to (1) again.
 (4) Close the Handle Lo and stop the vacuum pump.
 Keep this state for a few minutes to make sure that the compound pressure gauge pointer does not
 eving hack.
- Keep this state for a few minutes to make sure that the compound pressure gauge pointer does not swing back.
 (6) Turn the liquid operation valve and gas operation valve.
 (6) Turn the liquid operation valve's rod 90 degree counterclockwise with a hexagonal wrench key to open valve.
 Close it after 5 seconds, and check for gas leakage.
 Using soapy water, check for gas leakage from indoor unit's flare and valve rods.
 (7) Disconnect charging hose from gas operation valve's service port and fully open liquid and gas operation valves. (8) not attempt to true valve rode beyond its stop.)
 (8) Tighten operation valve caps and service port cap to the specified torque shown in the table below.

ingitien operation valve caps and service port cap to the specified torque shown in the table belo							
0	Operation valve size (mm)	Operation valve cap tightening torque (N·m)	Service port cap tightening torque (N·m)				
	ø6.35 (1/4")	20-30					
	ø12.7 (1/2")	25-35	10-12				
	ø15.88 (5/8")	30-40					
	Compound pressure gauge						



To prevent the entering of different oil into the refrigeration system, do not use tools designed for any other refrigerant type (R22, R407C, etc.).

To prevent vacuum pump oil from entering into the refrigerant system, use a counterflow prevention adapter.

5. Additional refrigerant charge

Additional refrigerant charge is required only when connecting pipe length exceeds 15 m.

5.1 Calculating additional refrigerant charge Additional refrigerant charge can be calculated using the formula given below.

SRC63,DXC21>
Additional refrigerant charge (g) = { Connecting pipe length (m) – Factory charged length 15 (m) } x 20 (g/m) <SRC24/71/80,DXC24/28> Additional refrigerant charge (g) = { Connecting pipe length (m) – Factory charged length 15 (m) } x 25 (g/m)

NOTE

· If additional refrigerant charge calculation result is negative, there is no need to remove the refrigerant. If refrigerant recharge is required for the unit with connecting pipe length 15m or shorter, charge the factory charged volume as shown in the table below

	Model SRC63, DXC21	Model SRC24/71/80, DXC24/28
The factory refrigerant charge amount(kg)	1.25	1.60
The maximum refrigerant charge amount(kg)	1.55	1.975

5.2 Charging refrigerant

Charging reingerant
 Charging reingerant in liquid phase from service port with both liquid and gas operation valves shut. Since R32 refrigerant must be charged in the liquid phase, make sure that refrigerant is discharged from the cylinder in the liquid phase all the time.
 When it is difficult to charge a required refrigerant volume, fully open both liquid and gas operation valves and charge refrigerant, while running the unit in the cooling mode. When refrigerant is charged with the unit being run, complete the charge operation within 30 minutes.
 Write the additional refrigerant charge calculated from the connecting pipe length on the label at tached on the service cover.

tached on the service cover

▲ CAUTION

Running the unit with an insufficient quantity of refrigerant for a long time can cause unit malfunction

NOTE

Consult with our distributor in the area, if you need to recover refrigerant and charge it again.
 (2) Clean the existing pipe system according to the procedure given below.

(a) Carry out forced cooling operation of existing unit for 30 minutes.
For 'Forced cooling operation' refer to the indoor unit installation manual.
(b) Stop the indoor fan and carry out forced cooling operation for 3 minutes (Liquid return).
(c) Close the liquid operation valve of the outdoor unit and carry out pump down operation (Refer to 6. PUMP DOWN).
(d) Blow with nitrogen gas. If discolored refrigeration oil or any foreign matter is discharged by the blow.

blow, wash the pipe system or install a new pipe system. (3) Remove the flare nuts from the existing pipe system. Go back to 4.Connecting Piping work and pro-

ceed to step 2.2 Cutting connecting pipe.

A CAUTION

• Do not use the old flare nuts (of existing unit). Make sure that the flare nuts supplied with the (new) outdoor unit are used

If the flared / compression connection to the indoor unit is located inside the house / room then this pipework can't be reused. pipe

If the existing piping is specified as liquid pipe ø9.52 or gas pipe ø12.7, refer to the following. Model SRC63_DXC21_Model SRC24/71/80_DXC24/28 <Table of nine size restrictions>

Additional charge volume per meter of pipe		0.054kg/m	0.054kg/m		
Pipe size	Liquid pipe	ø9.52	ø9.52		
	Gas pipe	ø12.7	ø15.88		
Maximum one-way pipe length		10	12		
Length cover	ed without additional charge	5	6		
Additional charge volume (kg) = {Main pipe length (m) - Length covered without additional charge shown in the table (m) X Additional charge volume per meter of nine shown in the table (kg/m)					

nifold

576

Charge hose



- Connect charge hose of gauge manifold to service port of outdoor unit Close the liquid operation valve with hexagonal wrench key.
- (3) Fully open the gas operation valve with hexagonal wrench key.
 (4) Carry out forced cooling operation (For forced cooling operation procedure, refer to indoor unit installation
- manual). (5) When the low pressure gauge becomes 0.01MPa, close the gas operation valve and stop forced cooling operation

7. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK

- Make sure that all the electrical work is carried out in accordance with the national or regional electric
- Make Sufe triat an line electrical work is carried out in accordance war are neuronal or regional of cal standards.
 Make sure that the earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate capacities are insta (Refer to the table given below).
 Do not turn on the power until the electrical work is completed.
 Do not use a condensive capacitor for power factor improvement under any circumstances.
 (It does not improve power factor. Moreover, it can cause an abnormal overheat accident).

- SRC-ZRA-S, DXC-ZRA-S and SRC-YRA-S complies with the DRED (Demand Response Enabling Devices) standard AS/NZS4755.31 and supports demand response modes 1, 2, and 3 (DRM1, 2, and 3). Since the air-conditioner limits the electric power or energy by receiving the DRED input signal, the sense of cooling operation or heating operation may deteriorate over time. The outdoor unit of this air-conditioner is equipped with a terminal block for DRED input and supports ELV (Extra-Low Voltage) complying with AS/NZS60335.1.
- Breaker specifications

Model	Phase	Earth leakage breaker	Circuit breaker
SRC63, DXC21	Single phase	Leakage current: 30mA, 0.1sec or less	Over current: 16A
SRC24/71/80, DXC24/28	olligic pliase	Leakage current: conint, c. 13cc of 1635	Over current: 20A
Main fuse specification			
Specification P	arts No.	Code on LABEL, WIRING	
250V 20A S	SA564A136A	F4	

1.Preparing cable

(1) Selecting cable

- Select the power source cable and connecting cable in accordance with the specifications mentioned below (a) Power source cable 3-core* 2.5mm² or more, conformed with 60245 IEC57
- 3-core* 2.5mm* or more, contormed with 60245 IEC57 When selecting the power source cable length, make sure that voltage drop is less than 2%. If the wire length gets longer, increase the wire diameter. (b) Connecting cable 4-core* 1.5mm², conformed with 60245 IEC57 * 1 Earth wire is included (Yellow/Green). (2) Arrange each wire length as shown below. Make sure that each wire is stripped 10mm from the end.

Farth

- <Connecting cable> <Power source cable>

30mm or more



(3) Attach round crimp-type terminal to each wire as shown in the below

Select the size of round crimp-type terminal after considering the specifications of terminal block and wire diamete

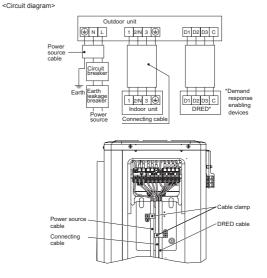
30mm or more



2.Connecting cable

- 2. Connecting cable
 (1) Remove the service cover.
 (2) Connect the cables according to the instructions and figures given below.
 (a) Connect the earth wire of power source cable.
 An earth wire must be connected before connecting the other wires of power source cable.
 (b) Connect the remaining two wires of power source cable.
 (c) Connect the wires of connecting cable. Make sure that for each wire, outdoor and indoor side terminal numbers match.
 (d) Connecting cable between outdoor unit and DRED shall be double insulation layer, polychloroprene sheathed (>50V) with size 4 x (0.5mm² to 2.0mm²) cable or flexible cord, where the maximum allowable length is 30m.
 (3) Fasten the cables properly with cable clamps so that no external force may work on terminal connections.

Moreover, make sure that cables do not touch the piping, etc. When cables are connected, make sure that all electrical components within the electrical component box are free of loose connector coupling or terminal connection.



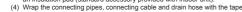
≜ CAUTION Power source cable and connecting cable must conform to the specifications mentioned in the manual Using cables with wrong specifications may result in unit malfunction

Farth

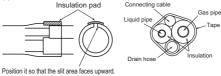
8. FINISHING WORK

Tane

- 1. Heating and condensation prevention



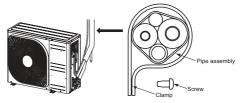




2.Finishing work

∆ CAUTION

- and dew condensation. Use the heat insulation gametrial which can withstand 120°C or higher temperature. Make sure that the exterior portion of connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose is wrapped in pipes of match with the contours of the pipe assembly route. (2) Wrap the refrigerant pipings of indoor unit with indoor unit heat insulation using tape. (3) Cover the fare-connected pipints (indoor side) with the indoor unit heat insulation and wrap it with an insulation pad (standard accessory provided with indoor unit). (3) Wrap the refrigerant pipings of indoor side) with the indoor unit heat insulation and wrap it with an insulation pad (standard accessory provided with indoor unit).



Make sure that the connecting pipes do not touch the components within the unit. If pipes touch the internal components, it may generate abnormal sounds and/or vibrations.

NOTE

Locations where relative humidity exceeds 70%, both liquid and gas pipes need to be dressed with 20mm or thicker heat insulation materials

 Improper insulation can cause condensate(water) formation during cooling operation. 	1
Condensate can leak or drip causing damage to household property.	
Poor heat insulating capacity can cause pipe outer surface to reach high temperature during heating	
operation. It can cause cable deterioration and personal injury.	
	1

9. INSTALLATION TEST CHECK POINTS

er finishing the installation work, check the following points again before turning on the power Conduct test run (Refer to indoor unit installation manual) and ensure that the unit ope tes prope Power source voltage complies with the rated voltage of air-conditioner No gas leaks from the joints of the operation valves Earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker are installed Indoor and outdoor side pipe joints have been insulated Power cable and connecting cable are securely fixed to the terminal block Drain hose (if installed) is fixed properly Both liquid and gas operation valves are fully oper Screw of the service cover is tightened properly.

(b) Model SRC95ZRA-W

RCR012A212B

Model SRC95ZRA-W DXC33ZRA-W R32 REFRIGERANT USED

• This installation manual deals with an outdoor unit installation only. For an indoor unit installation, refer to page 31.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

- Before installation, read the "SAFETY PRECAUTIONS" carefully and strictly follow it during the installation. If unusual insisc can be heard during the test run, consult the dealer.
 The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, (AWARNING) and (A CAUTION)
 Sequences such as death or severe injury.
 ACAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in personal in sequences such as death or severe injury.
 ACAUTION Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, can result in personal in jury or property damage.
 Both mention the important items to protect your health and safety. Therefore, strictly follow them by any means.

 Be sure to use only for residential purpose. If this unit is installed in inferior environment such as machine shop, vehicle (like ship), warehouse, etc., it can malfunction. Installation must be carried out by the qualified installer completely in accordance with the installation manual. Installation by non qualified person or incorrect installation can cause serious troubles such as water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury. Be sure to wear protective gogles and gloves while performing installation work. Improper safety measures can result in personal injury. Use the original accessories and the specified components for the installation. Using parts other than those prescribed may cause water leak, electric shock, fire and personal injury. Do not install the unit near the location where leakage of flammable gases can occur. If leaked gases accumulate around the unit, it can cause fire resulting in property damage and personal injury. When installing the unit in small rooms, make sure that refrigerant density does not exceed the limit (Reference: ISO5149) in the event of leakage. If refrigerant density exceeds the limit, consult the dealer and install the ventilation system. Otherwise leak of oxygen can occur resulting in serious accident. Install the unit in a location where unit will remain stable, horizontal and free of any vibration transmission. Unsuitable installation location can cause the unit to fall resulting in material damage and personal injury. Do not run the unit with removed panels or protections. Touching rotating equipments, hot surfaces or high voltage parts can cause personal injury due to entrapment, burn or electric shock. This unit is designed specifically for R32. Using any other refrigerant circuit, the pressure in the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed. If air enters the refrigerant circuit when the unit is installed and removed. If air enters the refri	 During pump down work, be sure to stop the compressor before closing operation valves and removing connecting pipes. If the connecting pipes are removed when the compressor is in operation and operation valves are open, air can be sucked into the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure resulting in burst or personal injury. In the event of refrigerant leakage during installation, be sure to ventilate the working area properly. If the refrigerant circuit which can cause anomalous high pressure resulting in burst or personal injury. In the event of refrigerant leakage during installation, be sure to ventilate the working area properly. If the refrigerant comes into contact with naked flames, poisonous gases will be produced. Electrical work must be carried out by the qualified electrician, strictly in accordance with national or regional electricity regulations. Incorrect installation can cause electric shock, fire or personal injury. Make sure that earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate capacities are installed. Circuit breaker should be able to disconnect all poles under over current. Absence of appropriate breakers can cause electric shock, personal injury or property damage. Be sure to switch off the power source in the event of installation, maintenance or service. If the power source is not switched off, there is a risk of electric shock, unit failure or personal injury. Be sure to tighten the cables securely in terminal blocks. Lose connections or cable mountings can cause anomalous heat production or fire. Do not perform any change in protective device or its setup condition yourself. Changing protective device specifications can cause electric shock, fire or burst. Be sure to clamp the cables properly so that they do not touch any internal component. if cables propent, and cause appresent. 			
	JTION			
 Take care when carrying the unit by hand. If the unit weight is more than 20kg, it must be carried by two or more persons. Do not carry the unit by the plastic straps. Always use the carry handle. Do not install the outdoor unit in a location where insects and small animals can inhabit. Insects and small animals can enter the electrical parts and cause damage resulting in fire or personal injury. Instruct the user to keep the surroundings clean. If the outdoor unit is installed at height, make sure that there is enough space for installation, maintenance and service. Insufficient space can result in personal injury due to falling from the height. Do not install the unit near the location where neighbours are bothered by noise or air generating from the unit. It can affect surrounding environment and cause a claim. Do not install in the locations where units is directly exposed to corrosive gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty atmosphere. It can cause corrosion of heat exchanger and damage to plastic parts. Do not install the unit close to the equipments that generate electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves. Equipment such as inverters, standby generators, medical high frequency equipments and telecommunication equipments can affect the system, and cause malfunctions and breakdowns. The system can also affect medical equipment and telecommunication equipment, and obstruct its function or cause jamming. 	 Packing materials contain nails and wood which can cause personal injury. Keep the polybag away from children to avoid the risk of suffocation. Do not put anything on the outdoor unit. Object may fall causing property damage or personal injury. Do not touch the aluminum fin of the outdoor unit. Aluminium fin temperature is high during heating operation. Touching fin can cause burn. 			

1. ACCESSORIES AND TOOLS

Standard accessories (Supplied with outdoor unit) Q'ty		Q'ty	Locally procured parts	Tools for installation work		
(1)	Drain grommet Ø	2	(a) Anchor bolt(M10-M12)×4 pcs	Plus headed driver	Spanner wrench	Vacuum pump*
			(b) Putty	Knife	Torque wrench [14.0-82.0N/m(1.4-8.2kgf•m)]	Gauge manifold *
(2)	Drain elbow 🛞 📷	1 (c) Electrical tape		Saw	Wrench key (Hexagon) [4m/m]	Charge hose *
(3)	(3) Band (1) 1		(d) Connecting pipe	Tape measure	Flaring tool set *	Vacuum pump adapter*
		النب	(e) Connecting cable	Tape measure		(Anti-reverse flow type)
			(f) Power cable	Pipe cutter Flare adjustment gauge G		Gas leak detector *
(g) Clamp and screw (for finishing work) *Designed specifically for R32 or F			*Designed specifically for R32 or R410A			

2. OUTDOOR UNIT INSTALLATION

NOTE Do not step on a top and service cover of the unit

- Note as a unit designed for R32 Do not use any refrigerant other than R32. R32 will rise to pressure about 1.6 times higher than that of
- Do not use any reinigerant other than K32. K32 will rise to pressure about 1.6 times injent than that of a conventional refrigerant. A cylinder containing R32 has a light blue indication mark on the top.
 A unit designed for R32 has adopted a different size indoor unit operation valve charge port and a differ-ent size check joint provided in the unit to prevent the charging of a wrong refrigerant by mistake. The processed dimension of the flared part of a refrigerant bipe and a flare nut's parallel side measurement have also been altered to raise strength against pressure. Accordingly, you are required to arrange dedicated R32 tools listed in the table on the left before installing or servicing this unit.
- oeelocated R32 tools listed in the table on the left before installing or servicing this unit.
 Do not use a charge cylinder. The use of a charge cylinder will cause the refrigerant composition to change, which results in performance degradation.
 In charging refrigerant, always take it out from a cylinder in the liquid phase.
 All indoor units must be models designed exclusively for R32. Check connectable indoor unit models in a catalog, etc. (A wrong indoor unit, if connected into the system, will impair proper system operation)
- Д^{Heavy}<

1. Haulage

- Always carry or move the unit with two or more persons.
 The right hand side of the unit as viewed from the front (outlet side) is heavier.
 - A person carrying the right hand side must take care of this fact. A person carrying the left hand side must hold the handle pro-vided on the front panel of the unit with his right hand and the corner column section of the unit with his left hand.



When a unit is hauled, take care of its gravity center position which is shifted towards right hand side If the unit is not hauled properly, it can go off balance and fall resulting in serious injury.

2. Selecting the installation location

- Select the suitable installation location where: Unit will be stable, horizontal and free of any vibration transmission.
- There is no obstacle which can prevent smooth air circulation from inlet and outlet side of the unit.
- There is no observed and meter prevent shooting and calculated information There is enough space for service and maintenance of unit.
 Neighbours are not bothered by noise or air generating from the unit.
 Outlet air of the unit does not blow directly to animals or plants.
- · Drain water can be discharged properly.

- There is no risk of flammable gas leakage.
 There are no other heat sources nearby.
 Unit is not directly exposed to rain or sunlight.
- · Unit is not directly exposed to oil mist and steam
- Chemical substances like ammonia (organic fertilizer), calcium chloride (snow melting agent) and acid (sulfurous acid etc.), which can harm the unit, will not generate or accumulate.
 Unit is not directly exposed to corrosive gases (like sulphide gas, chloride gas), sea breeze or salty at-
- mosphere.
- · No TV set or radio receiver is placed within 1m
- · Unit is not affected by electromagnetic waves and/or high-harmonic waves generated by other equipments
- · Strong wind does not blow against the unit outlet
- · Heavy snowfalls do not occur (If installed, provide proper protection to avoid snow accumulation).

NOTE

If the unit is installed in the area where there is a possibility of strong wind or snow accumulation, the following measures are required

(1) Location of strong wind

Place the unit with its outlet side facing the wall.
 Place the unit such that the direction of air from the outlet gets perpendicular to the wind direc-



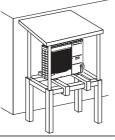




(2) Location of snow ad

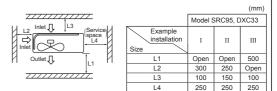
· Install the unit on the base so that the bottom is higher than

Install the unit of the base so that the bottom is high snow cover surface.
Install the unit under eaves or provide the roof on site



3. Installation space

There must be 1 meter or larger space between the unit and the wall in at least 1 of the 4 sides. Walls surrounding the unit from 4 sides is not acceptable. The wall height on the outlet side should be 1200 mm or less. Refer to the following figure and table for details.



NOTE

1

When more than one unit are installed side by side, provide a 250mm or wider interval between them as a service space

circuiting may not occur.

∆ CAUTION When more than one unit are installed in parallel directions, provide sufficient inlet space so that short-

4. Drain piping work (If necessary)

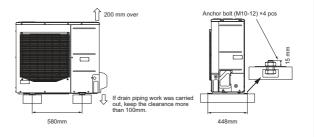
Carry out drain piping work by using a drain elbow and a drain grommet supplied separately as accessories if condensed water needs to be drained out. (1) Install drain elbow and drain grommet. (2) Seal around the drain elbow and drain grommet with putty or adequate caulking material.



Do not use drain elbow and drain grommet if there is a possibility to have several consecutive days of sub zero temperature. (There is a risk of drain water freezing inside and blocking the drain.)

5. Installation

While installing the unit, keep space and fix the unit's legs with 4 anchor bolts as shown in the figure below. The protrusion of an anchor bolt from the foundation surface must be kept within 15mm



▲ CAUTION

Install the unit properly so that it does not fall over during earthquake, strong wind, etc. Make sure that unit is installed on a flat level base. Installing unit on uneven base may result in unit malfunction

3. PREPARATION FOR WORK

1. Removing service panel nove the 5 screws. Slide service panel downwards and remove it

2. Removing valve service cover ove the 2 screws and take out valve service cover.

3. Removing front cover move the 2 screws and take out front cover

and (Accessory) or bundle cables Refer to 7.2.(4). Front cover Valve service cover

4. CONNECTING PIPING WORK

1. Restrictions on unit installation

Abide by the following restrictions on unit installation

	Dimensional restrictions] [
Connecting pipe length(L)	30m or less		
Elevation difference between indoor and outdoor units(H)*	20m or less		

* Outdoor unit installation position can be higher as well as lower than the indoor unit installation position.

2. Preparation of connecting pipe

2.1. Selecting connecting pipe

Select connecting pipe according to the following table.					
Model SRC95, DXC33					
Gas pipe	ø15.88				
Liquid pipe	ø9.52				

Pipe wall thickness must be greater than or equal to 0.8 mm (ø15.88:1.0mm)

Pipe material must be O-type (Phosphorus deoxidized seamless copper pipe ICS 23.040.15, ICS 77.150.30).

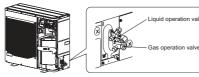
NOTE

If it is required to reuse the existing connecting pipe system, refer to 5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPE. 2.2. Cutting connecting pipe

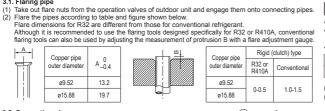
(1) Cut the connecting pipe to the required length with pipe cutter.
(2) Hold the pipe downward and remove the burrs. Make sure that no foreign material enters the pipe.
(3) Cover the connecting pipe ends with the tape.

3. Piping work

Check that both liquid and gas operation valves are fully closed. Carry out the piping work with operation valves fully closed.



3.1. Flaring pipe



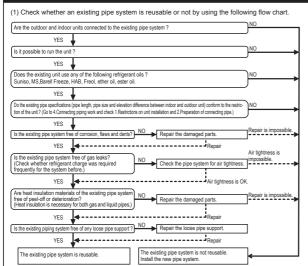
3.2. Connecting pipes (1) Connect pipes on both liquid and gas sides (2) Tighten nuts to specified torque shown in th

(2) righten hats to specified torque shown in the table bei				
Operation valve size (mm) ø9.52 (3/8") ø15.88 (5/8")		Tightening torque (N·m)		
		34-42		
		68-82		

∧ CAUTION

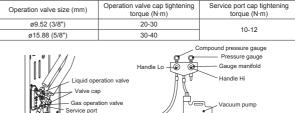
· Do not apply refrigerating machine oil to the flared surface. It can cause refrigerant leakage · Do not apply excess torque to the flared nuts. The flared nuts may crack resulting in refrigerant leakage

5. UTILIZATION OF EXISTING PIPE



4. Evacuation

- Evacuation
 (1) Connect vacuum pump to gauge manifold. Connect charge hose of gauge manifold to service port of outdoor unit.
 (2) Run the vacuum pump for at least one hour after the vacuum gauge shows -0.1MPa (-76cm Hg).
 (3) Confirm that the vacuum gauge indicator does not rise even if the system is left for 15 minutes or more. Vacuum gauge indicator will rise if the system has moisture left inside or has a leakage point. Check the system for the leakage point. If leakage point is found, repair it and return to (1) again.
 (4) Close the Handle Lo and stop the vacuum pump. Keep this state for a few minutes to make sure that the compound pressure gauge pointer does not swino back.
- swing back. (5) Remove valve caps from liquid operation valve and gas operation valve. (6) Turn the liquid operation valve's rod 90 degree counterclockwise with a hexagonal wrench key to
- (b) Turn the liquid operation varies fool so degree counterclockwise with a hexagonal whench key to open valve. Close it after 5 seconds, and check for gas leakage. Using scapp water, check for gas leakage from indoor unit's flare and outdoor unit's flare and valve rods. Wipe off all the water after completing the check.
 (7) Disconnect charging hose from gas operation valve's service port and fully open liquid and gas operation valve's service port and fully open liquid and gas operation.
- eration valves. (Do not attempt to turn valve rod beyond its stop.) (8) Tighten operation valve caps and service port cap to the specified torque shown in the table below



A CAUTION

To prevent the entering of different oil into the refrigeration system, do not use tools designed for any other refrigerant type (R22, R407C, etc.).

Cha

To prevent vacuum pump oil from entering into the refrigerant system, use a counterflow prevention adapter.

5. Additional refrigerant charge

Additional refrigerant charge is required only when connecting pipe length exceeds 15 m

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{5.1 Calculating additional refrigerant charge} \\ \text{Additional refrigerant charge can be calculated using the formula given below.} \\ \text{Additional refrigerant charge (g) = { Connecting pipe length (m) - Factory charged length 15 (m) } x 54 (g/m) \\ \end{array}$

NOTE

- If additional refrigerant charge calculation result is negative, there is no need to remove the refrigerant. If refrigerant recharge is required for the unit with connecting pipe length 15m or shorter, charge the
- factory charged volume as shown in the table below. the table below

 The maximum refrigerant charge amount is designed as shown in t 				
The factory refrigerant charge amount(kg)	2.00			
The maximum refrigerant charge amount(kg)	2.81			

5.2 Charging refrigerant

- 5.2 Charging refrigerant
 (1) Charge the R32 refrigerant in liquid phase from service port with both liquid and gas operation valves shut. Since R32 refrigerant must be charged in the liquid phase, make sure that refrigerant is discharged from the cylinder in the liquid phase all the time.
 (2) When it is difficult to charge a required refrigerant volume, fully open both liquid and gas operation valves and charge refrigerant, while running the unit in the cooling mode. When refrigerant is charged with the unit being run, complete the charge operation within 30 minutes.
 (3) Write the additional refrigerant charge calculated from the connecting pipe length on the label at tached on the service cover.

▲ CAUTION

Do not hold the valve cap area with a spanne

Running the unit with an insufficient quantity of refrigerant for a long time can cause unit malfunction. • Do not charge more than the maximum refrigerant amount. It can cause unit malfunction.

NOTE

 Consult with our distributor in the area, if you need to recover refrigerant and charge it again. (2) Clean the existing pipe system according to the procedure given below.
(a) Carry out forced cooling operation of existing unit for 30 minutes. For 'Forced cooling operation' refer to the indoor unit installation manual.

- (b) Stop the indoor fan and carry out forced cooling operation for 3 minutes (Liquid return). (c) Close the liquid operation valve of the outdoor unit and carry out pump down operation (Refer to 6. PUMP DOWN)

(d) Blow with nitrogen gas. If discolored refrigeration oil or any foreign matter is discharged by the blow, wash the pipe system or install a new pipe system.
(3) Remove the flare nuts from the existing pipe system. Go back to 4.Connecting Piping work and pro-

ceed to step 2.2 Cutting connecting pipe

▲ CAUTION

Do not use the old flare nuts (of existing unit). Make sure that the flare nuts supplied with the (new) outdoor unit are used.

If the flared / compression connection to the indoor unit is located inside the house / room then this pipework can't be reused.

f the existing piping is specified as liquid pipe ø12.7, refer to the following

<Table of pipe size restrictions

Additional charge volume per meter of pipe		0.072kg/m	
Pipe size	Liquid pipe	ø12.7	
	Gas pipe	ø15.88	
Maximum one-way pipe length		15	
Length covered without additional charge		7	
Additional charge volume (kg) = {Main nine length (m) - Length covered without			

additional charge shown in the table (m)} X Additional charge volume per meter of pipe shown in the table (kg/m)

2

٣F

Charge hos

6. PUMP DOWN

- Connect charge hose of gauge manifold to service port of outdoor unit.
 Close the liquid operation valve with hexagonal wrench key.
 Fully open the gas operation valve with hexagonal wrench key.

- (4) Carry out forced cooling operation (For forced cooling operation procedure, refer to indoor unit installation manual). (5) When the low pressure gauge becomes 0.01MPa, close the gas operation valve and stop forced cooling
- operation

7. ELECTRICAL WIRING WORK

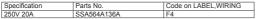
- Make sure that all the electrical work is carried out in accordance with the national or regional elect cal standards.
- Make sure that the earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker of appropriate capacities are installed

- Rafer to the table given below). Po not turn on the power until the electrical work is completed. Do not ture a condensive capacitor for power factor improvement under any circumstances. (It does not improve power factor. Moreover, it can cause an abnormal overheat accident).
- ReczRA-W and DXC-ZRA-W complies with the DRED (Demand Response Enabling Devices) standard AS SRC-ZRA-W and DXC-ZRA-W complies with the DRED (Demand Response Enabling Devices) standard AS NZS4755.3.1 and supports demand response modes 1, 2, and 3 (DRM1, 2, and 3). Since the air-conditioner limits the electric power or energy by receiving the DRED input signal, the sense of cooling operation on heating operation may deteriorate over time. The outdoor unit of this air-conditioner is equipped with a terminal block for DRED input and supports ELV (Extra-Low Voltage) complying with AS/NZS60335.1.

Breaker specifications

Phase	Earth leakage breaker	Circuit breaker		
Single phase	Leakage current: 30mA, 0.1sec or less	Over current: 25A		
Main fuse specification				

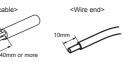
Specification Parts No



1.Preparing cable

- Selecting cable Select the power source cable and connecting cable in accordance with the specifications mentioned belo
- Select the power source cable and commetcing cable in accordance with the operations of the source cable (a) Power source cable length, make sure that voltage drop is less than 2%. If the wire length gets longer, increase the wire diameter. (b) Connecting cable 4-core* 1.5mm², conformed with 60245 IEC57 * 1 Earth wire is included (Yellow/Green). (2) Arrange each wire length as shown below. Make sure that each wire is stripped 10mm from the end.





(3) Attach round crimp-type terminal to each wire as sho own in the belo ns of terminal block and wire diamete Select the size of round crimp-type terminal after considering the specificatio

Power source cable and connecting cable must conform to the specifications mentioned in the manual Using cables with wrong specifications may result in unit malfunction.

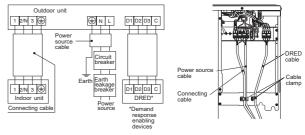


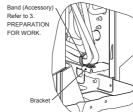
2.Connecting cable

Remove the service cover.
 Connect the cables according to the instructions and figures given below.

- Connect the cables according to the instructions and injures given below.
 (a) Connect the earth wire of power source cable.
 An earth wire must be connected before connecting the other wires of power source cable.
 Kep the earth wire longer than the remaining two wires of power source cable.
 (b) Connect the remaining two wires (N and L) of power source cable.
 (c) Connect the wires of connecting cable. Make sure that for each wire, outdoor and indoor side termined and the procession of the source cable.
- minal numbers match. (d) Connecting cable between outdoor unit and DRED shall be double insulation laver
- (c) connecting cone between obtained in and DrCD small be double insblauor rayer, polychorprine shathed (>500) with size 4 x (0.5mm²) to 2.0mm³) cable or flexible cord, where the maximum allowable length is 30m.
 (3) Fasten the cables properly with cable clamps so that no external force may work on terminal connect
- tions. Moreover, make sure that cables do not touch the piping, etc. When cables are connected, make sure that all electrical components within the electrical component box are free of loose connector coupling or terminal connection.
- (4) Bundle cables with a band, and cut off excess length of band. Insert the end of band in the hole on the bracket, and fix the band.

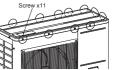
<Circuit diagram>





When change the Printed circuit board, take off the top panel. Remove the screws of the top panel.

How to remove the top panel



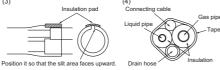
Do not connect the power cable with the DRED terminal block. It can cause PWB ASSY damage

8. FINISHING WORK

≜ CAUTION

- 1. Heating and condensation prevention (1) Dress the connecting pipes (both liquid and gas pipes) with insulation to prevent it from heating
 - Use the heat insulating material which can withstand 120°C or higher temperature. Make sure that insulation is wrapped tightly around the pipes and no gap is left between them. (2) Wrap the refrigerant pipings of indoor unit with indoor unit heat insulation using tape. (3) Cover the flare-connected joints (indoor side) with the indoor unit heat insulation and wrap it with an insulation pad (standard accessory provided with indoor unit). (4) Wrap the connecting pipes, connecting cable and drain hose with the tape.

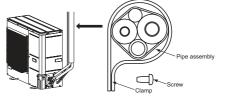
(2) (3) (4) ing c Ó 0



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2.Finishing work

When the set of property with a set of property with a



Make sure that the connecting pipes do not touch the components within the unit. If pipes touch the

erate abnormal sounds and/or vibrations

NOTE

Locations where relative humidity exceeds 70%, both liquid and gas pipes need to be dressed with 20mm or thicker heat insulation materials.

A CAUTION

 Improper insulation can cause condensate(water) formation during cooling operation Condensate can leak or drip causing damage to household property.
 Poor heat insulating capacity can cause pipe outer surface to reach high temperature during heating operation. It can cause cable deterioration and personal injury.

9. INSTALLATION TEST CHECK POINTS

After finishing the installation work, check the following points again before turning on the power. Conduct test run (Refer to indoor unit installation manual) and ensure that the unit operates properly. Power source voltage complies with the rated voltage of air-conditioner No gas leaks from the joints of the operation valves Earth leakage breaker and circuit breaker are installed Indoor and outdoor side pipe joints have been insulated Power cable and connecting cable are securely fixed to the terminal block Drain hose (if installed) is fixed properly. Both liquid and gas operation valves are fully oper Screw of the service cover is tightened properly

A CAUTION

internal components, it may ge

(3) Safety precautions in handling air-conditioners with flammable refrigerants

			M		AIR-CONDITIONER RIGERANT USED	RSA012A061
This equipment uses flammable refrigerants. If the refrigerant is leaked, together with an external ignition source, there is a possibility of ignition.						s manual and/or
A service personnel should be handing this equipment with reference to the installation manual.					nis equipment with	
 The precautionary items mentioned below are distinguished into two levels, <u>A WARNING</u> and <u>A CAUTION</u>. <u>A WARNING</u>: Wrong installation would cause serious consequences such as injuries or death. <u>A CAUTION</u>: Wrong installation might cause serious consequences depending on circumstances. 						
(/ WA	RNING			
 Strict compliance of the domestic laws must be observed when disposing the appliance. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting process or to clean, other than those recommended by the manufacturer. The appliance shall be stored in a room without continuously operating ignition sources (for example: open flames, an operating gas appliance or an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an operating electric heater. Do not use means to accelerate the defrosting open flames, an open					,	
L			UTION			
1. General 4.5 Presence of fire extinguisher 4.9 Checks to electrical devices • That the installation of pipe-work shall be kept to a 1 fany hot work is to be conducted on the refrigeration equipment or any associated parts, 4.9 Checks to electrical devices				lectrical components		

- minimum That pipe-work shall be protected from physical damage.
- That compliance with national gas regulations shall be observed.
- That mechanical connections shall be accessible for maintenance purposes
- Keep any required ventilation openings clear of obstruction
- Servicing shall be performed only as recommended by the manufacturer.

2. Unventilated areas

The appliance shall be stored in a well-ventilated area where the room size corresponds to the room area as specified for operation

(3. Qualification of workers

The staff in servicing operations must hold the national qualification or other relevant qualifications.

4. Information on servicing

- 4.1 Checks to the area
- Prior to beginning work on systems containing flammable refrigerants, safety checks are necessary to ensure that the risk of ignition is minimised
- For repair to the refrigerating system, 4.3 to 4.7 shall be completed prior to conducting work on the system
- 4.2 Work procedure
- · Work shall be undertaken under a controlled procedure so as to minimise the risk of a flammable gas or vapour being present while the work is being performed.
- 4.3 General work area
- All maintenance staff and others working in the local area shall be instructed on the nature of work being carried out.
- Work in confined spaces shall be avoided.
- The area around the workspace shall be sectioned off. Ensure that the conditions within the area have
- been made safe by control of flammable material.
- 4.4 Checking for presence of refrigerant
- The area shall be checked with an appropriate refrigerant detector prior to and during work, to ensure the technician is aware of potentially toxic or flammable atmospheres
- Ensure that the leak detection equipment being used is suitable for use with all applicable refrigerants, i.e.
- non-sparking, adequately sealed or intrinsically safe

- appropriate fire extinguishing equipment shall be available to hand. Have a dry powder or CO, fire extinguisher adjacent to the charging area.
- 4.6 No ignition sources
- · No person carrying out work in relation to a refrigeration system which involves exposing any pipe work shall use any sources of ignition in such a manner that it may lead to the risk of fire or explosion
- All possible ignition sources, including cigarette smoking, should be kept sufficiently far away from the site of installation, repairing, removing and disposal, during which refrigerant can possibly be released to the surrounding space.
- Prior to work taking place, the area around the equipment is to be surveyed to make sure that there are no flammable hazards or ignition risks. "No Smoking" signs shall be displayed.
- 4.7 Ventilated area
- · Ensure that the area is in the open or that it is adequately ventilated before breaking into the system or conducting any hot work.
- A degree of ventilation shall continue during the
- period that the work is carried out. The ventilation should safely disperse any released refrigerant and preferably expel it externally into the atmosphere.
- 4.8 Checks to the refrigeration equipment
- Where electrical components are being changed, they shall be fit for the purpose and to the correct specification
- At all times the manufacturer's maintenance and service guidelines shall be followed.
- If in doubt consult the manufacturer's technical department for assistance
- The following checks shall be applied to installations using flammable refrigerants:
 - the charge size is in accordance with the room size within which the refrigerant containing parts are installed;
- the ventilation machinery and outlets are operating adequately and are not obstructed;
- if an indirect refrigerating circuit is being used, the secondary circuit shall be checked for the presence of refrigerant:
- marking to the equipment continues to be visible and legible. Markings and signs that are illegible shall be corrected;
- refrigeration pipe or components are installed in a position where they are unlikely to be exposed to any substance which may corrode refrigerant containing components, unless the components are constructed of materials which are inherently resistant to being corroded or are suitably protected against being so corroded.

- inspection procedures.
- If a fault exists that could compromise safety, then no electrical supply shall be connected to the circuit until it is satisfactorily dealt with.
- If the fault cannot be corrected immediately but it is necessary to continue operation, an adequate temporary solution shall be used.
- This shall be reported to the owner of the equipment so all parties are advised.
- Initial safety checks shall include:
 - that capacitors are discharged; this shall be done in a safe manner to avoid possibility of sparking; that no live electrical components and wiring are exposed while charging, recovering or purging the system:
 - that there is continuity of earth bonding

(5. Repairs to sealed components

- During repairs to sealed components, all electrical supplies shall be disconnected from the equipment being worked upon prior to any removal of sealed covers, etc.
- If it is absolutely necessary to have an electrical supply to equipment during servicing, then a permanently operating form of leak detection shall be located at the most critical point to warn of a potentially hazardous situation.
- Particular attention shall be paid to the following to ensure that by working on electrical components, the casing is not altered in such a way that the level of protection is affected.

This shall include damage to cables, excessive number of connections, terminals not made to original specification, damage to seals, incorrect fitting of glands, etc.

- Ensure that the apparatus is mounted securely. Ensure that seals or sealing materials have not degraded to the point that they no longer serve the purpose of preventing the ingress of flammable atmospheres.
- Replacement parts shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications.

NOTE

The use of silicon sealant can inhibit the effectiveness of some types of leak detection equipment Intrinsically safe components do not have to be isolated prior to working on them

6. Repair to intrinsically safe components

- Do not apply any permanent inductive or
- capacitance loads to the circuit without ensuring that this will not exceed the permissible voltage and current permitted for the equipment in use. Intrinsically safe components are the only types that
- can be worked on while live in the presence of a flammable atmosphere. The test apparatus shall be at the correct rating
- Replace components only with parts specified by the manufacturer.
- Other parts may result in the ignition of refrigerant in the atmosphere from a leak

Cabling (7.

Check that cabling will not be subject to wear, corrosion, excessive pressure, vibration, sharp edges or any other adverse environmental effects. The check shall also take into account the effects of aging or continual vibration from sources such as compressors or fans

8. Detection of flammable refrigerants

- Under no circumstances shall potential sources of ignition be used in the searching for or detection of refrigerant leaks
- A halide torch (or any other detector using a naked flame) shall not be used

Leak detection methods 9

- Electronic leak detectors may be used to detect refrigerant leaks but, in the case of flammable refrigerants, the sensitivity may not be adequate, or may need re-calibration. (Detection equipment shall be calibrated in a refrigerant-free area.)
- Ensure that the detector is not a potential source of ignition and is suitable for the refrigerant used. Leak detection equipment shall be set at a
- percentage of the LFL of the refrigerant and shall be calibrated to the refrigerant employed, and the appropriate percentage of gas (25 % maximum) is confirmed
- Leak detection fluids are suitable for use with most refrigerants but the use of detergents containing chlorine shall be avoided as the chlorine may react with the refrigerant and corrode the copper pipe-work.
- If a leak is suspected, all naked flames shall be
- removed/extinguished. If a leakage of refrigerant is found which requires brazing, all of the refrigerant shall be recovered from the system, or isolated (by means of shut off valves) in a part of the system remote from the leak
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, oxygen free nitrogen (OFN) shall then be purged through the system both before and during the brazing process.

10. Removal and evacuation

- When breaking into the refrigerant circuit to make repairs - or for any other purpose - conventional procedures shall be used. However, for flammable refrigerants it is important that best practice is followed since flammability is a consideration.
- The following procedure shall be adhered to:
- remove refrigerant;
- purge the circuit with inert gas;
- evacuate;
- purge again with inert gas;
- open the circuit by cutting or brazing. The refrigerant charge shall be recovered into the
- correct recovery cylinders For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, the system shall be "flushed" with OFN to render the unit safe
- This process may need to be repeated several times
- Compressed air or oxygen shall not be used for purging refrigerant systems

∧ CAUTION

- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants. flushing shall be achieved by breaking the vacuum in the system with OFN and continuing to fill until the working pressure is achieved, then venting to atmosphere, and finally pulling down to a vacuum. This process shall be repeated until no refrigerant is within the system.
- When the final OFN charge is used, the system shall be vented down to atmospheric pressure to enable work to take place This operation is absolutely vital if brazing
- operations on the pipe-work are to take place.
- Ensure that the outlet for the vacuum pump is not close to any ignition sources and that ventilation is available

11. Charging procedures

- In addition to conventional charging procedures, the following requirements shall be followed.
- Ensure that contamination of different refrigerants does not occur when using charging equipment. Hoses or lines shall be as short as possible to minimise the amount of refrigerant contained in them
- Cylinders shall be kept upright.Ensure that the refrigeration system is earthed prior to charging the system with refrigerant.
- Label the system when charging is complete (if not already).
- Extreme care shall be taken not to overfill the refrigeration system. Prior to recharging the system, it shall be pressure-
- tested with the appropriate purging gas The system shall be leak-tested on completion of
- charging but prior to commissioning
- A follow up leak test shall be carried out prior to leaving the site.

12. Decommissioning

- Before carrying out this procedure, it is essential that the technician is completely familiar with the equipment and all its detail.
- It is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are recovered safely.
- Prior to the task being carried out, an oil and refrigerant sample shall be taken in case analysis is required prior to re-use of reclaimed refrigerant.
- It is essential that electrical power is available before the task is commenced.
- a) Become familiar with the equipment and its operation.
- b) Isolate system electrically.
- c) Before attempting the procedure ensure that:
 mechanical handling equipment is available, if required, for handling refrigerant cylinders;
- all personal protective equipment is available and being used correctly;
- the recovery process is supervised at all times by a competent person; recovery equipment and cylinders conform to the
- appropriate standards.
- d) Pump down refrigerant system, if possible
- e) If a vacuum is not possible, make a manifold so that refrigerant can be removed from various parts of the system.
- f) Make sure that cylinder is situated on the scales before recovery takes place.
- g) Start the recovery machine and operate in accordance with manufacturer's instructions. h) Do not overfill cylinders. (No more than 80 %
- volume liquid charge).
- i) Do not exceed the maximum working pressure of the cylinder, even temporarily.
- j) When the cylinders have been filled correctly and the process completed, make sure that the cylinders and the equipment are removed from site promptly and all isolation valves on the equipment are closed off.
- k) Recovered refrigerant shall not be charged into another refrigeration system unless it has been cleaned and checked

13. Labelling

- Equipment shall be labelled stating that it has been de-commissioned and emptied of refrigerant. The label shall be dated and signed.
- For appliances containing flammable refrigerants, ensure that there are labels on the equipment stating the equipment contains flammable refrigerant.

(14. Recovery

- When removing refrigerant from a system, either for servicing or decommissioning, it is recommended good practice that all refrigerants are removed safely
- When transferring refrigerant into cylinders, ensure that only appropriate refrigerant recovery cylinders are employed.
- Ensure that the correct number of cylinders for holding the total system charge are available
- All cylinders to be used are designated for the recovered refrigerant and labelled for that refrigerant (i.e. special cylinders for the recovery of refrigerant).
- Cylinders shall be complete with pressure relief valve and associated shut-off valves in good working order.
- Empty recovery cylinders are evacuated and, if possible, cooled before recovery occurs.
- The recovery equipment shall be in good working order with a set of instructions concerning the equipment that is at hand and shall be suitable for the recovery of all appropriate refrigerants including, when applicable, flammable refrigerants. In addition, a set of calibrated weighing scales shall
- be available and in good working order
- Hoses shall be complete with leak-free disconnect couplings and in good condition.
- Before using the recovery machine, check that it is in satisfactory working order, has been properly maintained and that any associated electrical components are sealed to prevent ignition in the event of a refrigerant release. Consult manufacturer if in doubt
- The recovered refrigerant shall be returned to the refrigerant supplier in the correct recovery cylinder, and the relevant Waste Transfer Note arranged. Do not mix refrigerants in recovery units and especially not in cylinders.
- If compressors or compressor oils are to be removed, ensure that they have been evacuated to an acceptable level to make certain that flammable refrigerant does not remain within the lubricant.
- The evacuation process shall be carried out prior to returning the compressor to the suppliers
- Only electric heating to the compressor body shall be employed to accelerate this process When oil is drained from a system, it shall be
- carried out safely.

(15. Other safety precautions

- A brazed, welded, or mechanical connection shall be made before opening the valves to permit refrigerant to flow between the refrigerating system
- parts. Flammable refrigerant used, refrigerant tubing protected or enclosed to avoid mechanical damage (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Tubing protected to extent that it will not be handled or used for carrying during moving of product (IEC/ EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- Flammable refrigerant used, low temperature solder alloys, such as lead/tin alloys, not acceptable for pipe connections (IEC/EN 60335-2-40/A1).
- When there is flare connection, it must be installed outdoor

Transport of equipment containing flammable refrigerants

Transportation regulations of each country must be complied.

Marking of equipment using signs

Employers should ensure that employees receive suitable and sufficient instruction and training on the meaning of appropriate safety signs and the actions that need to be taken in connection with these signs.

Competence of service personnel

Service personnel who handle this air-conditioner are required to complete a special training course, in addition to ordinary repairing procedures. The training must include following items.

- 1. Information about the explosion potential of flammable refrigerants to show that flammables may be dangerous when handled without care.
- 2. Information about potential ignition sources, especially those that are not obvious, such as lighters, light switches, vacuum cleaners, electric heaters.
- 3.Information concerning the concept of safety
- Although safety of this equipment does not rely on the ventilation of enclosure, in the event that the enclosure is opened up to atmosphere while remaining refrigerant is accumulated in it, flammable atmosphere could be released to the outside.
- 4. Information about the concept of sealed components and sealed enclosures according to IEC 60079-15:2010.
- 5. Information about the correct working procedures:

1 Commissioning

- Ensure that the floor area is sufficient for the refrigerant charge or that the ventilation duct is assembled in a correct manner.
- · Connect the pipes and carry out a leak test before charging with refrigerant.
- Check safety equipment before putting into service.

2 Maintenance

- · Portable equipment shall be repaired outside or in a workshop specially equipped for servicing units with flammable refrigerants.
- Ensure suficiente ventilation at the repair place.
- Be aware that malfunction of the equipment may be caused by refrigerant loss and a refrigerant leak is possible.
- Discharge capacitors in a way that won't cause any spark. The standard procedure to short circuit the capacitor terminals usually creates sparks.
- Reassemble sealed enclosures accurately. If seals are worn, replace them.
- · Check safety equipment before putting into service.

③Repair

- · Portable equipment shall be repaired outside or in a workshop specially equipped for servicing units with flammable refrigerants.
- · Ensure suficiente ventilation at the repair place.
- · Be aware that malfunction of the equipment may be caused by refrigerant loss and a refrigerant leak is possible.
- Discharge capacitors in a way that won't cause any spark.
- In the event that a brazing work is required, the refrigerant must be collected in a proper collecting container.
- Purge the braze point with nitrogen during the brazing procedure.
- · Carry out a leak test before charging with refrigerant.
- · Reassemble sealed enclosures accurately. If seals are worn, replace them.

4 Decommissioning

- If the safety is affected when the equipment is putted out of service, the refrigerant charge shall be removed before decommissioning.
- Ensure suficiente ventilation at the equipment location.
- Be aware that malfunction of the equipment may be caused by refrigerant loss and a refrigerant leak is possible.
- Discharge capacitors in a way that won't cause any spark.
- Collect refrigerant always in a proper collecting container.
- After collecting refrigerant, charge nitrogen gas till the inside of refrigerating cycle is filled up to the atmospheric pressure.
- Put a label on the equipment that the refrigerant is removed.

⑤Disposal

- · Ensure suficiente ventilation at the working place.
- · Collect refrigerant always in a proper collecting container.
- · Waste material must be collected and disposed according to the national or local guidelines.